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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/409,457	09/30/1999	MARTIN C. FLAUTT	24649A	5361		
30623 7	590 05/04/2004	EXAMINER				
MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS, GLOVSKY			EGWIM, KEL	EGWIM, KELECHI CHIDI		
AND POPEO, P.C. ONE FINANCIAL CENTER			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
BOSTON, MA 02111			1713			
			DATE MAILED: 05/04/2004	. /		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)				
•				FLAUTT ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	09/409,4			-V			
,		Examine		Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app			chi C. Egwim	h the correspondence address	· · ·			
Period fo		oudon appears on a	e cover since with	n the correspondence address	·3			
THE - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI asions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 period for reply is specified above, the maximum stare to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e unication. D) days, a reply within the sta tutory period will apply and w will, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a rep atutory minimum of thirty will expire SIX (6) MONT plication to become ABA	oly be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this commu  NDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133).	nication.			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <i>01 April 2004</i> .						
·		2b) This action is	non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims		•					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 19-43 and 47-69 is/are pen-	ding in the application	on.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)□ 6)⊠	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Glaim(s) 19-43 and 47-69 Claim(s) 19-43 s/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or election	requirement.	·				
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		)∐ objected to b	y the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any object		•					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is requi	red if the drawing(s	) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. N	ote the attached	Office Action or form PTO-1	52.			
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim to a laim to	documents have been documents have been of the priority document Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Ap ents have been r le 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stag	је			
Attachmen	(s)							
1) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) 🔲 Interview Su	mmary (PTO-413)				
3) 🔲 Infom	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or I · No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/	Mail Date comal Patent Application (PTO-152	)			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 19-43 and 47-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kono et al. or Shiono et al., Kroesbergen, Manning et al. Gaa et al. or Cossement et al. and Claims 19-43 and 47-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arroyo et al. or Geursen et al., each for reasons cited in the previous action.

While the above prior art for do not expressly teach the disclosed the properties of the claimed coating, such as desorption when the coating is dried, it is reasonable that the prior art coatings would possess the claimed properties since the compositions are essentially the same as the claimed composition and the USPTO does not have at its disposal the tools or facilities deemed necessary to make physical determinations of the sort. In any event, an otherwise old composition or article is not patentable regardless of any new or unexpected properties. In re Fitzgerald et al , 619 F.2d 67, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980). See MPEP § 2112 - § 2112.02.

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Even if assuming that the prior art references do not meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 102, it would still have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to arrive at the same inventive composition because the disclosure of the inventive subject matter appears within the generic disclosure of the prior art.

3. Claims 50-69 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arroyo et al. or Geursen et al. in combination with Barch et al.

Arroyo et al. or Geursen et al., above, differ from the claimed invention in that the coatings are not explicitly disclosed as comprising conventional components, such as binders. However, it is well known in the art to incorporate such components into a coating composition for fibrous substrate, for the purpose of facilitating the formation of a film on the substrate upon the drying of the coating composition, such as taught by Barch et al. (See col. 6, lines 18-20).

In col. 5, lines 61-66 and col. 6, lines 10-59, Barch et al. teach a coating for fibrous substrate, said coating prepared from a composition comprising the conventional coating components, such as an film forming binders (i.e., polyurethane.)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to incorporate components, such as binders, into the fiber coatings of Arroyo et al. or Geursen et al. in order to obtain the advantages taught by Barch et al., motivated by a reasonable expectation of success.

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Further regarding the claimed advantages/improve properties, the fact that applicant has recognized another advantage which would flow naturally from following the suggestion of the prior art cannot be the basis for patentability when the differences would at least otherwise be obvious. See Ex parte Obiaya, 227 USPQ 58, 60 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1985).

## Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 04/01/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 5. Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made.

  Applicant merely restates the claims and then broadly states that the prior art do not teach the restated claims.

The arguments amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

Further, the arguments they do not show how exactly the amendments avoid the references.

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6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Kelechi C. Egwim whose telephone number is (703) 306-5701. The examiner can normally be reached on M-T (7:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu can be reached on (703) 308-2450. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

KELECHI C. EGWIM PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER

**KCE**